



# ETU-LINK

Optical Communication System

## QSFP+ Series

### QSFP+

#### EQxx4X-3LCD10

#### 40Gbps CWDM 10KM QSFP+ Optical Transceiver

- Transmission data rate up to 11.2Gbps per channel
- QSFP+ MSA compliant
- Compliant to IEEE 802.3ba specification for 40GBASE-LR4 links
- 4 CWDM un-cooled DFB lasers, using ITU G.694.2 wavelength grid at 1270, 1290, 1310 and 1330nm
- High Sensitivity PIN-TIA with optical DEMUX
- Up to 10km reach over standard single mode fiber
- Compliant with QDR/DDR Infiniband data rates
- Hot pluggable electrical interface
- Lower power consumption
- Operating case temperature 0°C to +70°C
- 3.3V power supply
- RoHS 6 compliant (lead free)



## Applications

- 40GBASE-LR4 40G Ethernet links
- Infiniband QDR and DDR interconnects
- Client-side 40G Telecom connections

## Description

This product is a transceiver module designed for 2m-10km optical communication applications. The design is compliant to 40GBASE-LR4 of the IEEE P802.3ba standard. The module converts 4 inputs channels (4ch) of 10Gb/s electrical data to 4 CWDM optical signals, and multiplexes them into a single channel for 40Gb/s optical transmission. Reversely, on the receiver side, the module optically de-multiplexes a 40Gb/s input into 4 CWDM channels signals, and converts them to 4 channel output electrical data.

The central wavelengths of the 4 CWDM channels are 1271, 1291, 1311 and 1331 nm as members of the CWDM wavelength grid defined in ITU-T G694.2. It contains a duplex LC connector for the optical interface and a 148-pin connector for the electrical interface. To minimize the optical dispersion in the long-haul system, single-mode fiber (SMF) has to be applied in this module.

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference.

## Functional Description

This product converts the 4-channel 10Gb/s electrical input data into CWDM optical signals (light), by a driven 4-wavelength Distributed Feedback Laser (DFB) array. The light is combined by the MUX parts as a 40Gb/s data, propagating out of the transmitter module from the SMF. The receiver module accepts the 40Gb/s CWDM optical signals input, and de-multiplexes it into 4 individual 10Gb/s channels with different wavelength. Each wavelength light is collected by a discrete photo diode, and then outputted as electric data after amplified by a TIA. Figure 1 shows the functional block diagram of this product.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up this product. Both power supply pins VccTx and VccRx are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. As per MSA specifications the module offers 7 low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, LPMode, ModPrsL and IntL.

Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, this product responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of this product on a single 2-wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines must be used.

Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the QSFP memory map.

The ResetL pin enables a complete reset, returning the settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until it indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The product indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data\_Not\_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

Low Power Mode (LPMode) pin is used to set the maximum power consumption for the product in order to protect hosts that are not capable of cooling higher power modules, should such modules be accidentally inserted.

Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a product, is normally pulled up to the host Vcc. When the product is inserted into the connector, it completes the path to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates its present by setting ModPrsL to a “Low” state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. “Low” indicates a possible operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.

## Transceiver Block Diagram

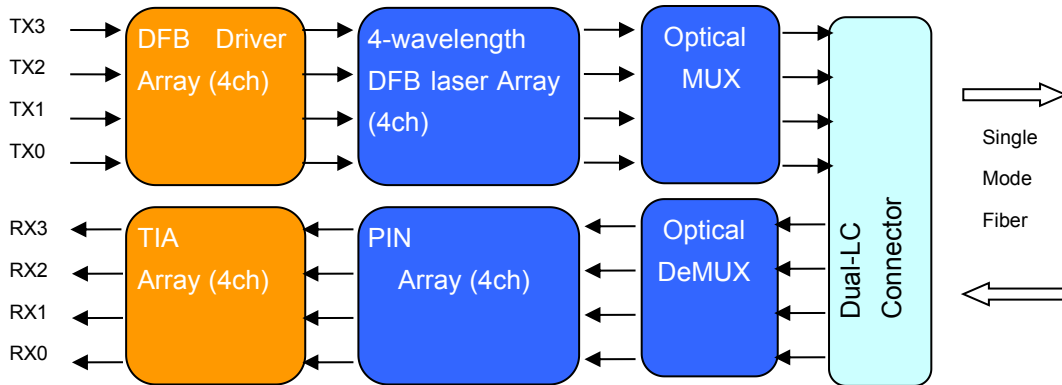
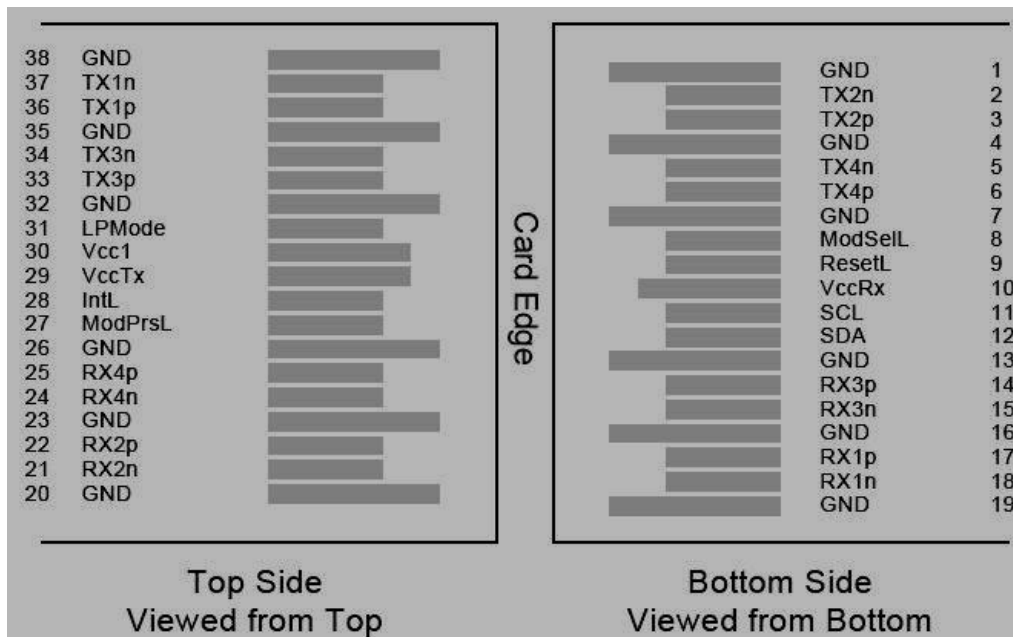


Figure 1: 40Gb/s QSFP LR4 Transceiver Block Diagram

## Pin Assignment and Pin Description



## Pin Definitions

| PIN | Logic       | Symbol  | Name/Description                     | Note |
|-----|-------------|---------|--------------------------------------|------|
| 1   |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 2   | CML-I       | Tx2n    | Transmitter Inverted Data Input      |      |
| 3   | CML-I       | Tx2p    | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output |      |
| 4   |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 5   | CML-I       | Tx4n    | Transmitter Inverted Data Input      |      |
| 6   | CML-I       | Tx4p    | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output |      |
| 7   |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 8   | LVTTTL-I    | ModSelL | Module Select                        |      |
| 9   | LVTTTL-I    | ResetL  | Module Reset                         |      |
| 10  |             | VccRx   | + 3.3V Power Supply Receiver         | 2    |
| 11  | LVC MOS-I/O | SCL     | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock        |      |
| 12  | LVC MOS-I/O | SDA     | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data         |      |
| 13  |             | GND     | Ground                               |      |
| 14  | CML-O       | Rx3p    | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output    |      |
| 15  | CML-O       | Rx3n    | Receiver Inverted Data Output        |      |
| 16  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 17  | CML-O       | Rx1p    | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output    |      |
| 18  | CML-O       | Rx1n    | Receiver Inverted Data Output        |      |
| 19  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 20  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 21  | CML-O       | Rx2n    | Receiver Inverted Data Output        |      |
| 22  | CML-O       | Rx2p    | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output    |      |
| 23  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 24  | CML-O       | Rx4n    | Receiver Inverted Data Output        | 1    |
| 25  | CML-O       | Rx4p    | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output    |      |
| 26  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 27  | LVTTTL-O    | ModPrsL | Module Present                       |      |
| 28  | LVTTTL-O    | IntL    | Interrupt                            |      |
| 29  |             | VccTx   | +3.3 V Power Supply transmitter      | 2    |
| 30  |             | Vcc1    | +3.3 V Power Supply                  | 2    |
| 31  | LVTTTL-I    | LPMode  | Low Power Mode                       |      |
| 32  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |
| 33  | CML-I       | Tx3p    | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input  |      |
| 34  | CML-I       | Tx3n    | Transmitter Inverted Data Output     |      |
| 35  |             | GND     | Ground                               | 1    |

|    |       |      |                                     |   |
|----|-------|------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 36 | CML-I | Tx1p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |   |
| 37 | CML-I | Tx1n | Transmitter Inverted Data Output    |   |
| 38 |       | GND  | Ground                              | 1 |

**Note:**

- 1) GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP modules. All are common within the QSFP module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
- 2) VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiving and transmission power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 500mA.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

It has to be noted that the operation in excess of any individual absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

| Parameter                            | Symbol | Min   | Max | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|-----|------|------|
| Storage Temperature                  | Tst    | -20   | 85  | degC |      |
| Relative Humidity (non-condensation) | RH     | 0     | 85  | %    |      |
| Operating Case Temperature           | Topc   | 0     | 70  | degC |      |
| Operating Range                      |        | 0.002 | 10  | km   |      |
| Supply Voltage                       | VCC    | -0.5  | 3.6 | V    |      |

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                               | Symbol         | Min.   | Typical | Max    | Unit | Notes |
|---|----------------|--------|---------|--------|------|-------|
| Wavelength Assignment                   | L0             | 1264.5 | 1271    | 1277.5 | nm   |       |
|   | L1             | 1284.5 | 1291    | 1297.5 | nm   |       |
|   | L2             | 1304.5 | 1311    | 1317.5 | nm   |       |
|   | L3             | 1324.5 | 1331    | 1337.5 | nm   |       |
| <b>Transmitter</b>                      |                |        |         |        |      |       |
| Side-mode Suppression Ratio             | SMSR           | 30     | -       | -      | dB   |       |
| Total Average Launch Power              | P <sub>T</sub> | -      | -       | 8.3    | dBm  |       |
| Average Launch Power, each Lane         |                | -7     | -       | 2.3    | dBm  |       |
| Optical Modulation Amplitude, each Lane | OMA            | -4     | -       | +3.5   | dBm  |       |

|   |                  |                               |     |       |       |                 |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-------|-------|-----------------|
| Difference in Launch Power between any two Lanes (OMA)                        |                  | -                             | -   | 6.5   | dB    |                 |
| Launch Power in OMA minus Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty (TDP), each Lane |                  | -4.8                          | -   |       | dBm   |                 |
| TDP, each Lane  | TDP              |                               |     | 2.3   | dB    |                 |
| Extinction Ratio  | ER               | 3.5                           | -   | -     | dB    |                 |
| Relative Intensity Noise  | R <sub>in</sub>  | -                             | -   | -128  | dB/Hz | 12dB reflection |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance   |                  | -                             | -   | 20    | dB    |                 |
| Transmitter Reflectance   | R <sub>T</sub>   |                               |     | -12   | dB    |                 |
| Transmitter Eye Mask Definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3}                      |                  | {0.25,0.4,0.45,0.25,0.28,0.4} |     |       |       |                 |
| Average Launch Power OFF Transmitter, each Lane                               | P <sub>off</sub> |                               |     | -30   | dBm   |                 |
| <b>Receiver</b>   |                  |                               |     |       |       |                 |
| Damage Threshold  | TH <sub>d</sub>  | 3.3                           |     |       | dBm   | 1               |
| Average Power at Receiver Input, each Lane                                    |                  | -13.7                         |     | 2.3   | dBm   |                 |
| Receiver Reflectance  | R <sub>R</sub>   | -                             | -   | -26   | dB    |                 |
| Receiver Power (OMA), each Lane   |                  | -                             | -   | 3.5   | dBm   |                 |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity in OMA, each Lane                               |                  | -                             | -   | -9.9  | dBm   |                 |
| Receiver Sensitivity, each Lane   | S <sub>R</sub>   | -                             | -   | -11.5 | dBm   |                 |
| Difference in Receive Power between any two Lanes (OMA)                       |                  |                               |     | 7.5   | dB    |                 |
| Receive Electrical 3 dB upper Cutoff Frequency, each Lane                     |                  |                               |     | 12.3  | GHz   |                 |
| <b>Conditions of Stress Receiver Sensitivity Test<sup>2</sup></b>             |                  |                               |     |       |       |                 |
| Vertical Eye Closure Penalty, each Lane                                       |                  |                               | 1.6 |       | dB    |                 |
| Stressed Eye Jitter, each Lane  |                  |                               | 0.3 |       | UI    |                 |

Notes:

- 1) The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.

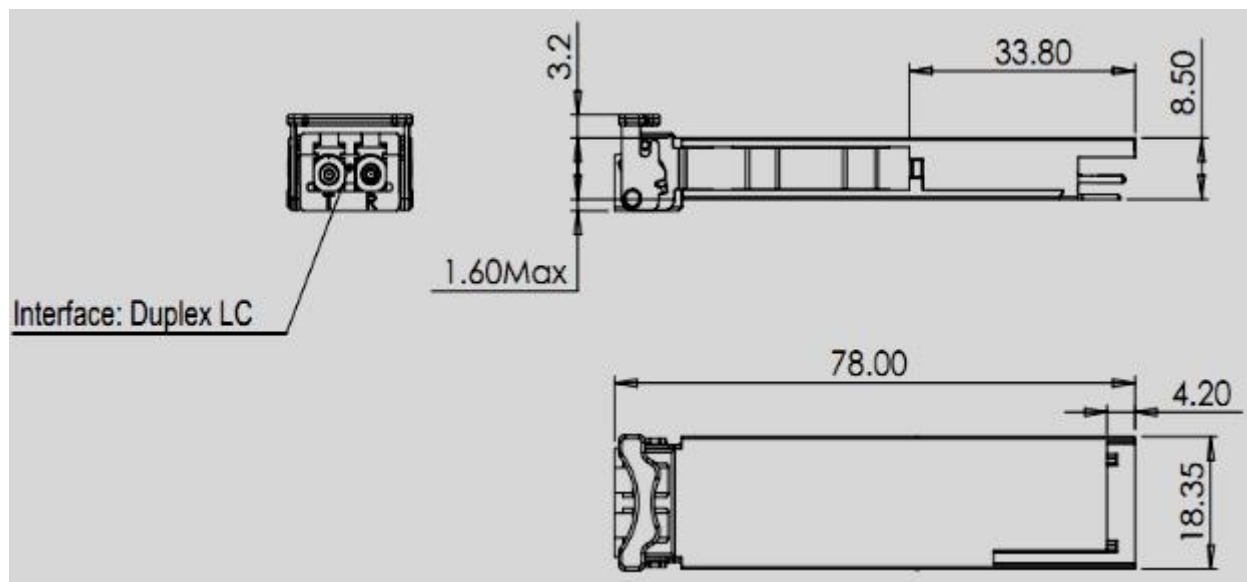
- 2) Vertical eye closure penalty and stressed eye jitter are test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

## Electrical Characteristics

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating temperature and supply voltage unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter            | Symbol   | Min. | Typical | Max  | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------|--|------|---------|------|------|-------|
| Supply Voltage       | V <sub>ccI</sub> ,<br>V <sub>ccTx</sub> ,<br>V <sub>ccRx</sub> | -0.5 | -       | 3.6  | V    |       |
| Data Rate, each Lane |  | -    | 10.3125 | 11.2 | Gbps |       |
|                      |  |      |         |      |      |       |

## PCB Layout and Bezel Recommendations



## ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for SFI pins and 2kV for all other electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22-A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

## Laser Safety

This is a Class 1 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1:1993:+A1:1997+A2:2001. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007)

## Regulatory Compliance

| Feature                            | Reference  | Performance               |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Electrostatic discharge (ESD)      | IEC/EN 61000-4-2                                 | Compatible with standards |
| Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) | FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A) | Compatible with standards |
| Laser Eye Safety                   | FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2     | Class 1 laser product     |
| Component Recognition              | IEC/EN 60950, UL                                 | Compatible with standards |
| ROHS                               | 2002/95/EC                                       | Compatible with standards |
| EMC                                | EN61000-3  | Compatible with standards |



## Compatibility Test

In order to ensure the product compatibility, our products will be tested on the switch before shipment. Our modules can be compatible with many mainstream brand switches, such as Cisco, Juniper, Extreme, Brocade, IBM, H3C, HP, Huawei, D-Link, Mikrotik, ZTE, TP-Link...

Our test equipment: VOLKTEK MEN-4110, HP 2530-8G, CRS226-24G-25+RM, Catalyst 2960G Series, Catalyst 3850 XS 10G SFP+, Catalyst 3750-E Series, HUAWEI S5700Series, H3C S3100V2 Series, Juniper-EX4200, etc.



**Cisco Catalyst 3850**



**HUAWEI S5700**



**H3C S3100V2**



**HP J9264AR**



**Juniper EX 4200**



**Alcatel 6850E-U24X**



**Mikrotik CR5226-24G-25+RM**



**Cisco Catalyst 2960G**



**Volktek MEN-4110**

## Product Production Process

# Quality Assurance

Continuous introduction of new equipment, produced by strict standards, strict quality inspection, to guarantee the high quality standard of each product.



**Standardized  
Production Line**



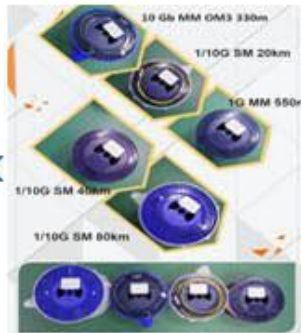
**Professional  
Welding**



**Assembling**



**Aging Testing**



**Distance Testing**



**Cleaning end face**



**Product Initial Test**



**Switch Testing**



**Product Final Test**

## Packaging

ETU-Link provides two kinds of packaging, 10pcs/Tray and individual package.



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